Lightning Talk at CCS 2025

# Noise-Induced Traffic Instabilities: Modelling and Experimental Insights

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# **Motivation: Stop-and-go Waves in Traffic**



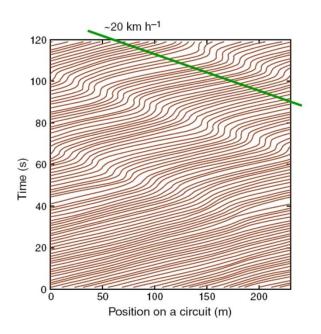


Fig 1: Sugiyama et al.: Traffic jams without bottlenecks. New J Phys, 10:033001, 2008

# **Motivation: Stop-and-go Waves in Traffic**

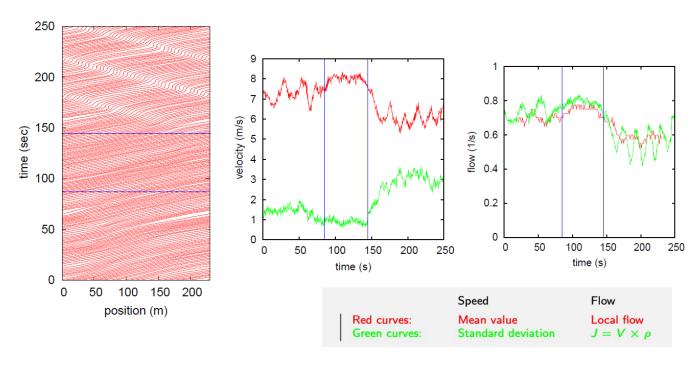


Fig 2: Phase transition in the Sugiyama Experiment. Speed drops, standard deviation rises

# **Deterministic Car-Following Model**

$$\dot{v} = \frac{v_{opt}(s) - v}{\tau}$$

$$0 < \frac{2}{\tau} < T$$

 $\tau$ : Reaction time

T: Timegap

# **Stochastic Car-Following Model**

$$dv_n(t) = A(x_{n+1}(t) - x_n(t), v_n(t), v_{n+1}(t))dt + \sigma dW_n(t)$$

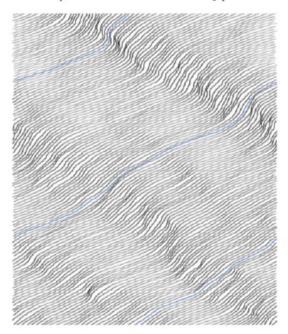
- $\triangleright$  With  $\sigma dW_n(t)$  independent Wiener processes
- ➤ Can lead to unstable traffic with stop-and-go waves even if A is linearly stable.

# **Stochastic Car-Following Model**

A linear (unconditional stability)



Critical settings for A (subcritical instability)



# The Adaptive Time-Gap Model

No phase transition in linearly stable models-> white noise can not influence stability properties

What about the Adaptive Time-Gap Model [1]

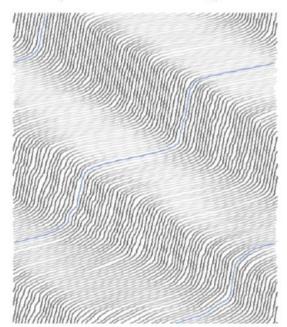
- non-linear
- $\triangleright$  Linearly stable for all parameter if  $\tau, T > 2$

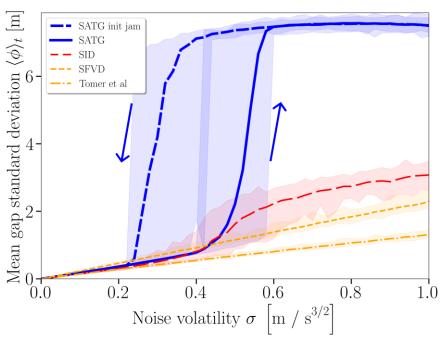
$$\dot{v} = \frac{1}{T_k} \left[ \frac{g_k - T v_k}{\tau} + \Delta v_k \right] dt + \sigma dW_n$$

[1] Tordeux, Antoine, Sylvain Lassarre, and Michel Roussignol. "An adaptive time gap car-following model." *Transportation research part B: methodological* 44.8-9 (2010): 1115-1131.

# The stochastic Adaptive Time-Gap Model (ATG)

A nonlinear (nonlinear instability)





Dufour, Oscar, et al. "Noise-induced transition to stop-and-go waves in single-file traffic rationalized by an analogy with Kapitza's inverted pendulum." arXiv preprint arXiv: 2503.23594(2025).

# **Results and Future Steps**

# Linear stability not sufficient to control stop-and-go dynamics in stochastic systems

Future Actions:

- Conduct testing on simulation platforms CARLA with driver Seat.
- > Perform robotic experiments.

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